Optimizing Teaching and Learning with AI ChatBots:

A Practical Guide for Teachers

By. Darunee Panjarattanakorn (Ph.D.)



# What is an Al ChatBot?

### 1. Definition of AI ChatBots

Al ChatBots are computer programs designed to simulate conversation using Al and natural language processing.

### 2. Purpose in Education

Assist teachers and students by answering questions, explaining concepts, and managing tasks like tracking progress.

### 3. Current Trends and Usage

Used for 24/7 student support and integrated into online learning platforms.



# Benefits of Al ChatBots in the Classroom



### 1. Definition of Al ChatBots

Helps design lessons, create quizzes, and prepare digital materials.

# 2. Enhancing Student Engagement and Real-Time Assistance

Provides instant responses to student questions and interactive learning.

# 3. Improving Teacher Efficiency and Personalized Learning

Reduces administrative tasks and supports individualized learning experiences.



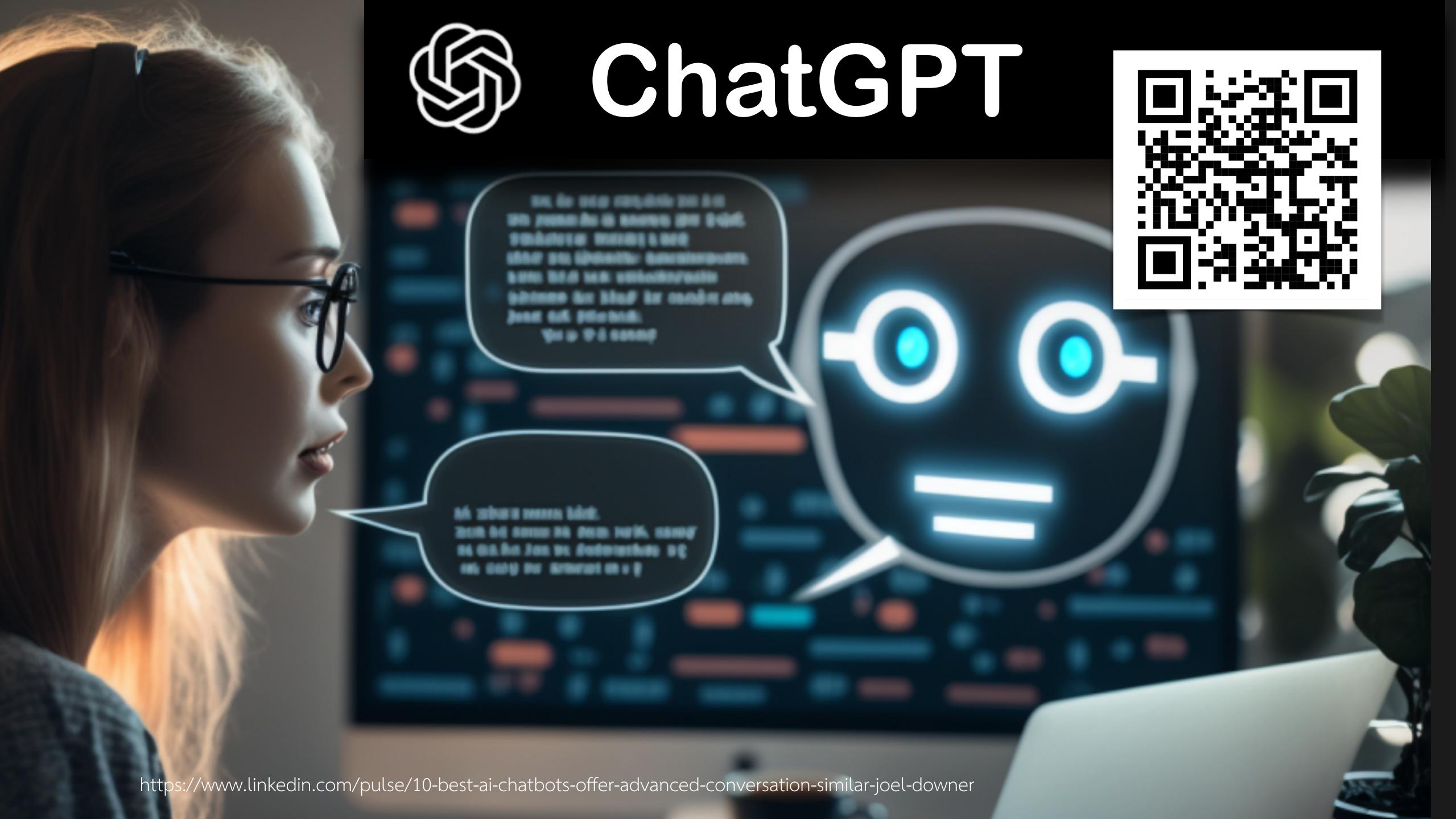
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Image Source: https://www.freepik.com/premium-ai-image/chat-bot-robot-working-ai-generated\_62946240.htm



# Conclusion - Al ChatBots in Classroom

- Al ChatBots make teaching more efficient and interactive.
- Reduce repetitive tasks for teachers, allowing more focus on students.
- Integrate AI ChatBots into every stage of the teaching workflow.



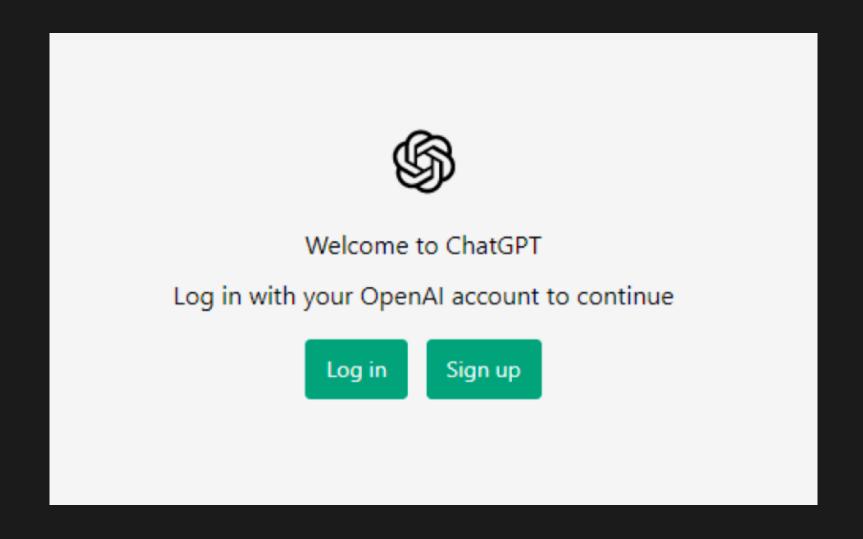


### Get Ready for Hands-on Use of ChatGPT

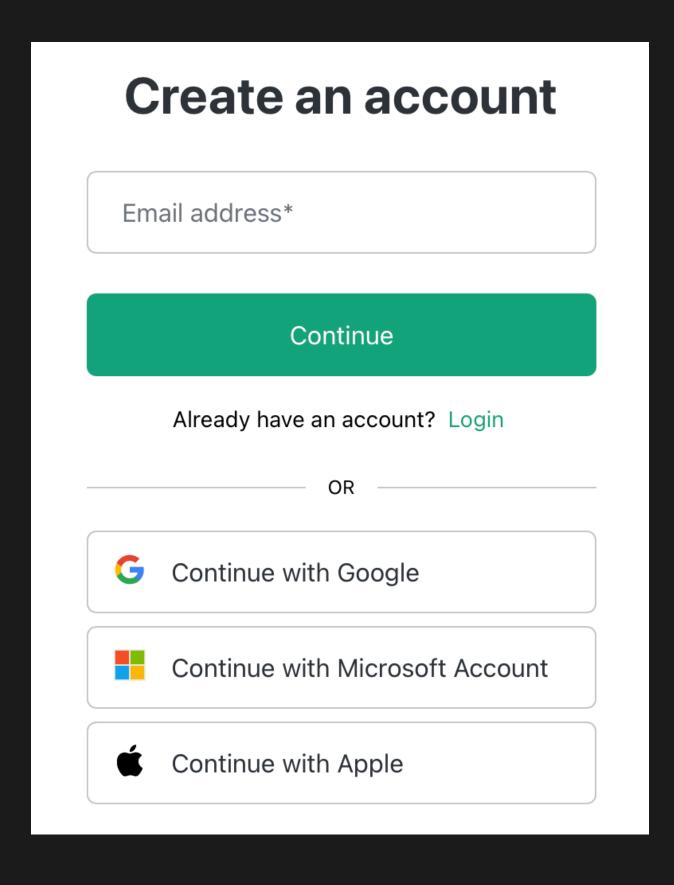
### Set Up a ChatGPT Account:

**Step 1.** Go to the official website of OpenAl at <a href="http://chat.openai.com">http://chat.openai.com</a>

**Step 2.** Once on the website's homepage, click the "Sign Up" option. This will take you to the signup page.



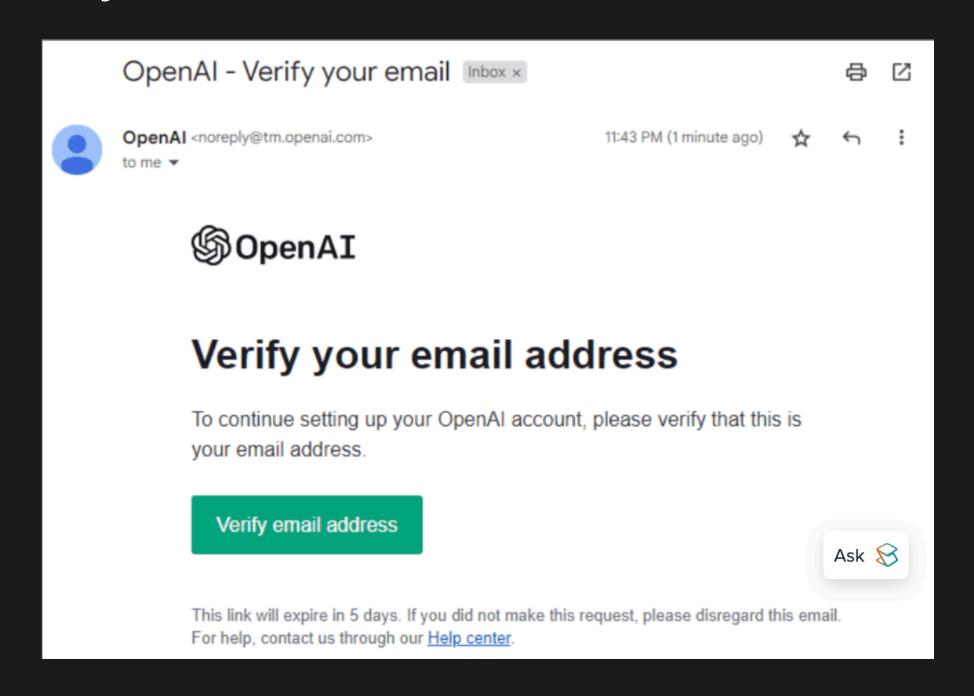
**Step 3.** You can use your email address to sign up or quickly continue with your Google account.



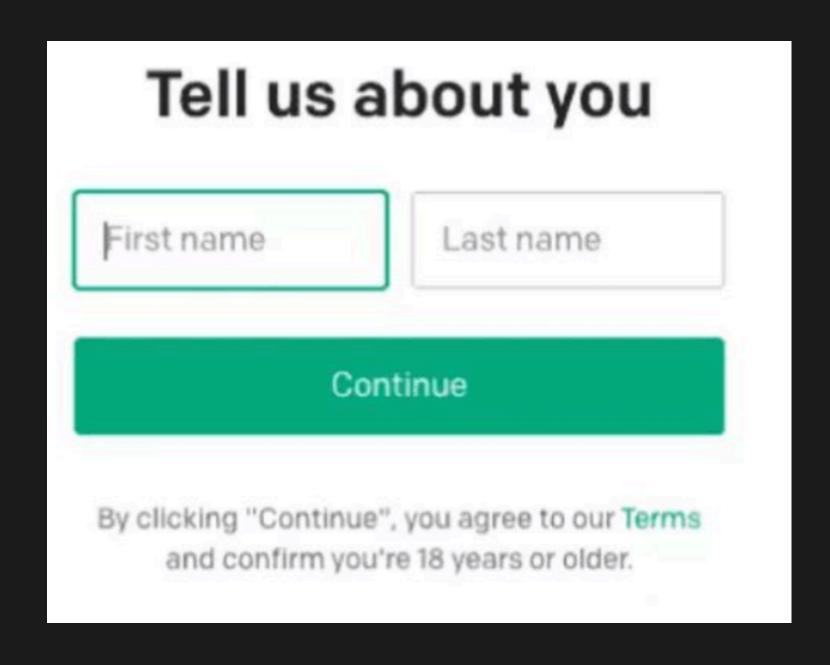


### Get Ready for Hands-on Use of ChatGPT

**Step 4.** If you used your email address to sign up, you will set an 8-character password and then receive a verification email in your mailbox. Click on the "Verify email address" to verify.



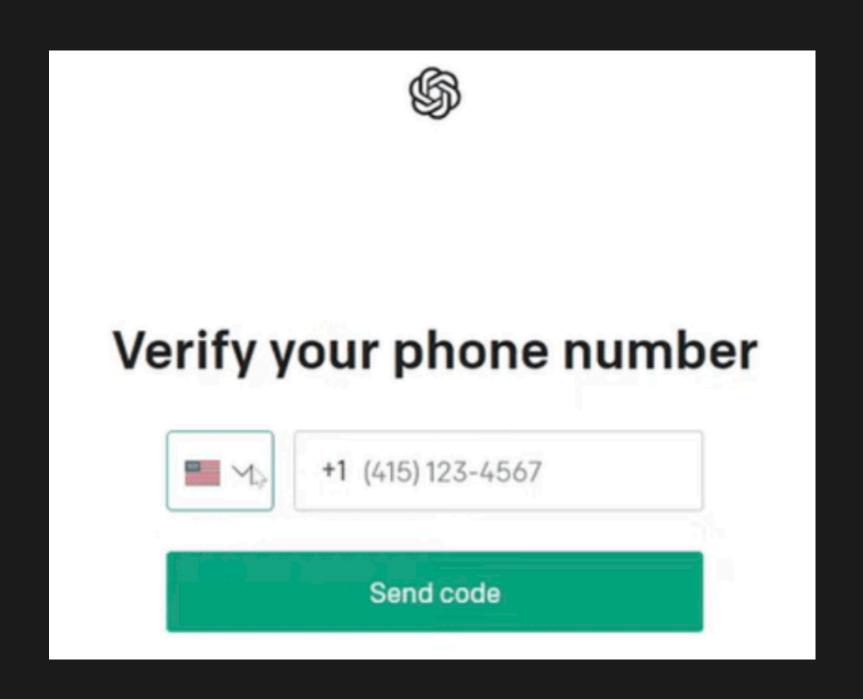
**Step 5.** Enter your first and last name on the following page, and click "Continue".



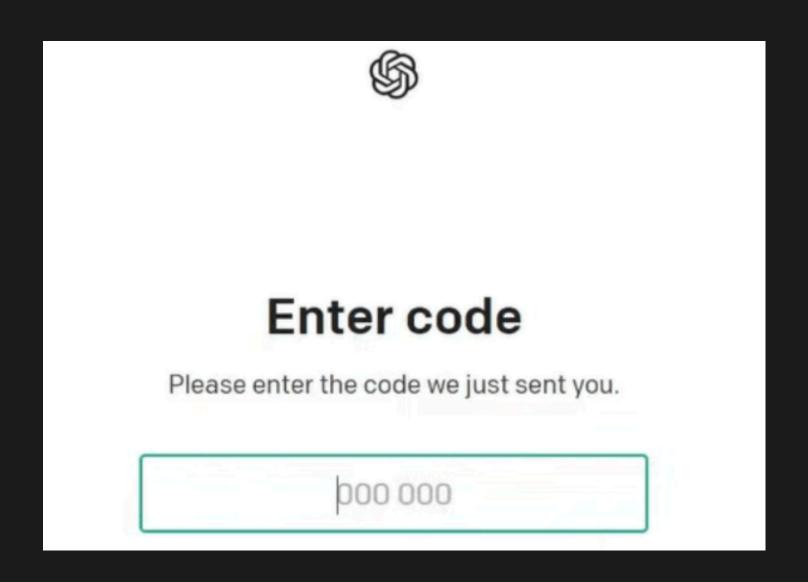


### Get Ready for Hands-on Use of ChatGPT

**Step 6.** Whatever method you choose, phone verification is required for signup. Select your country, enter your valid phone number, and click "Send code"



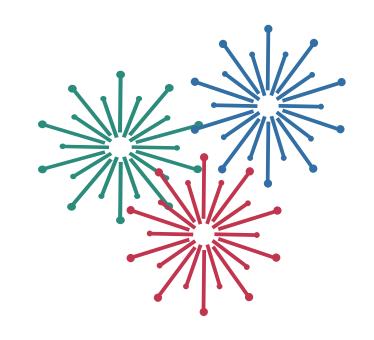
**Step 7.** Enter the 6-digit code you received on your phone.

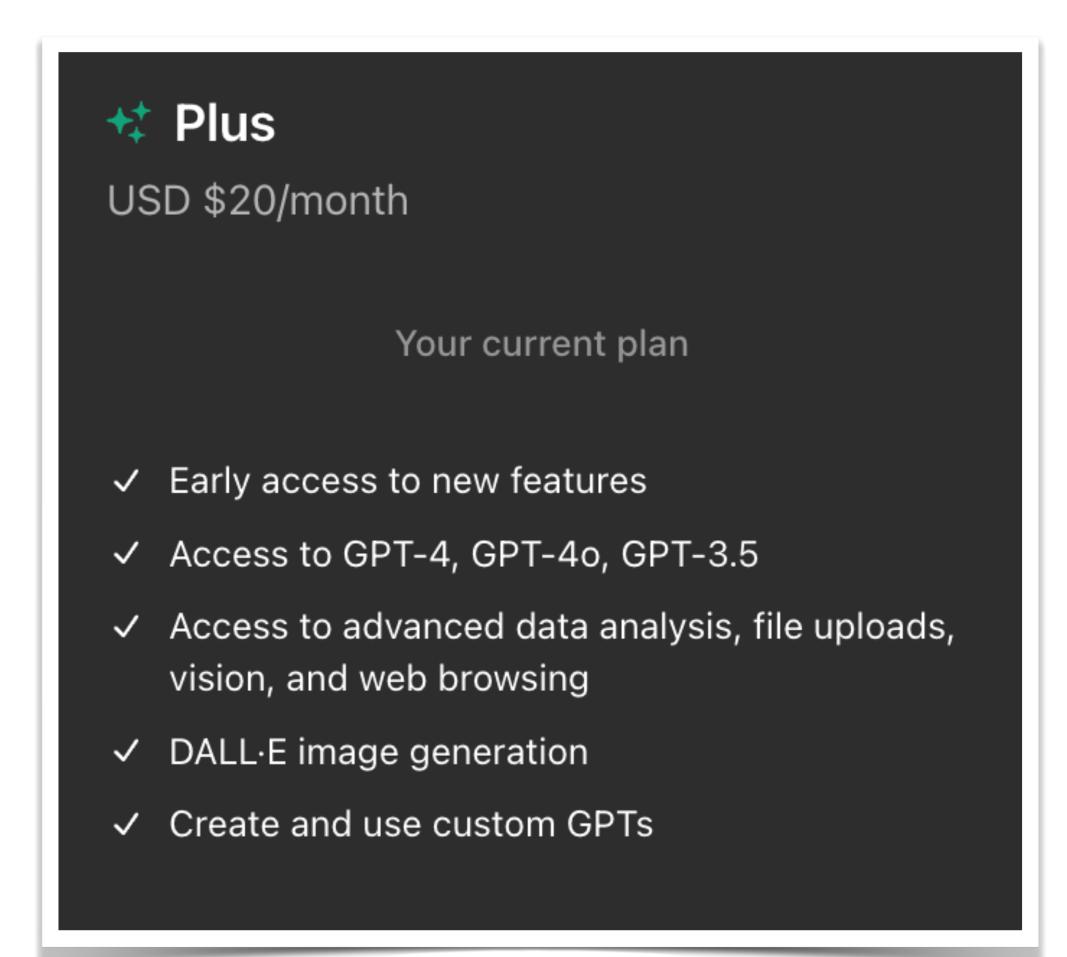


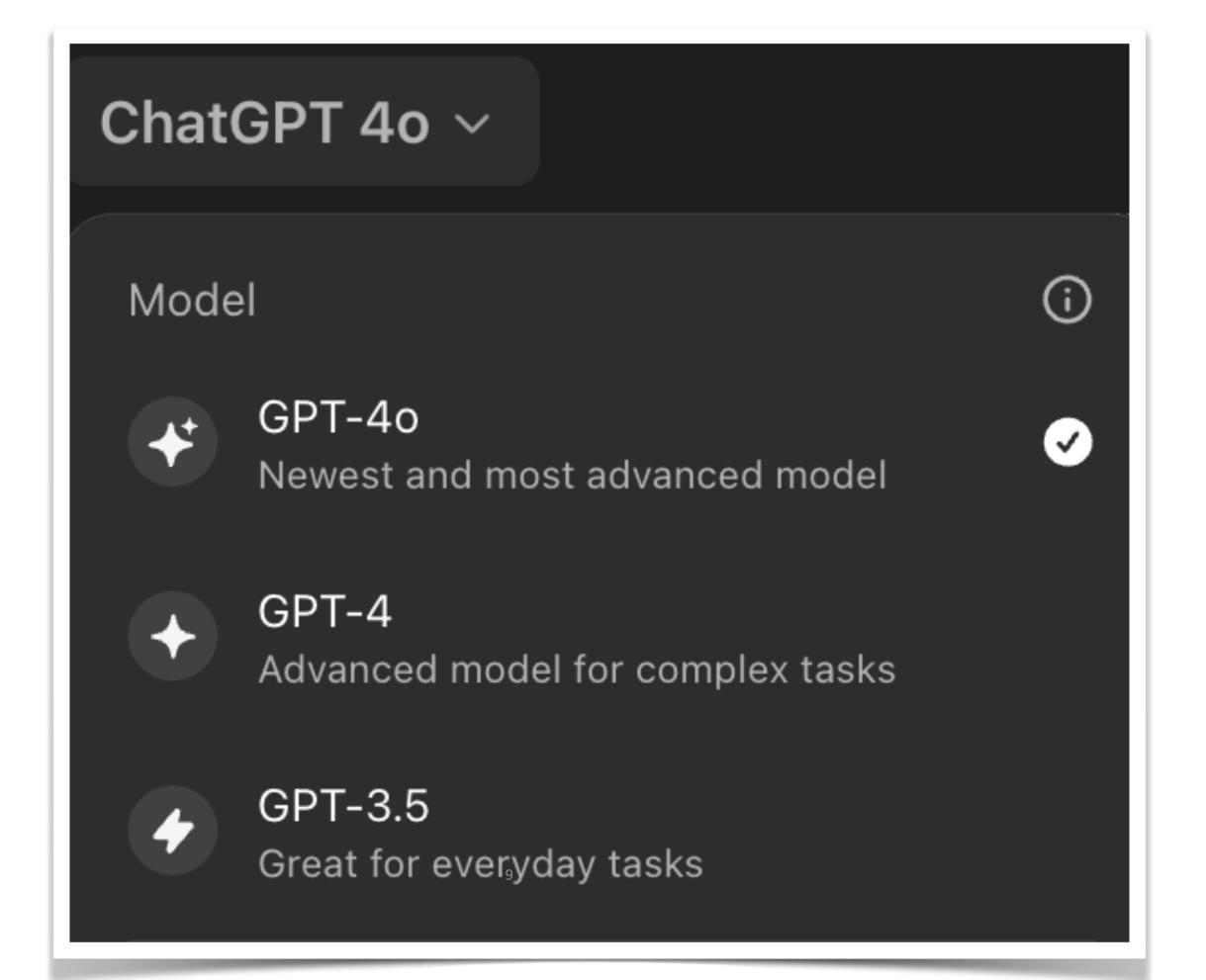
**Step 8.** Once done, you will successfully create an account on ChatGPT. You can use it for free.

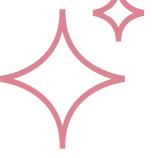


# ChatGPT Plus



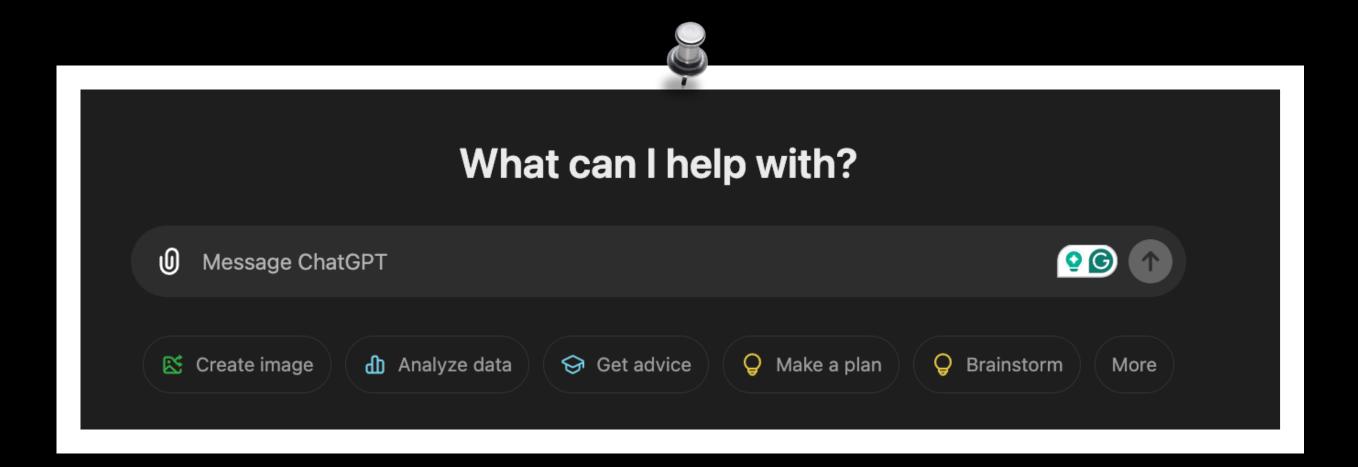






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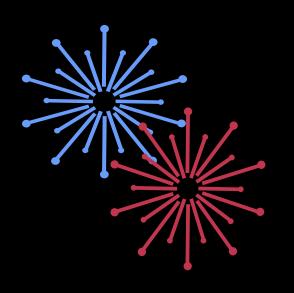
## Prompts for ChatGPT



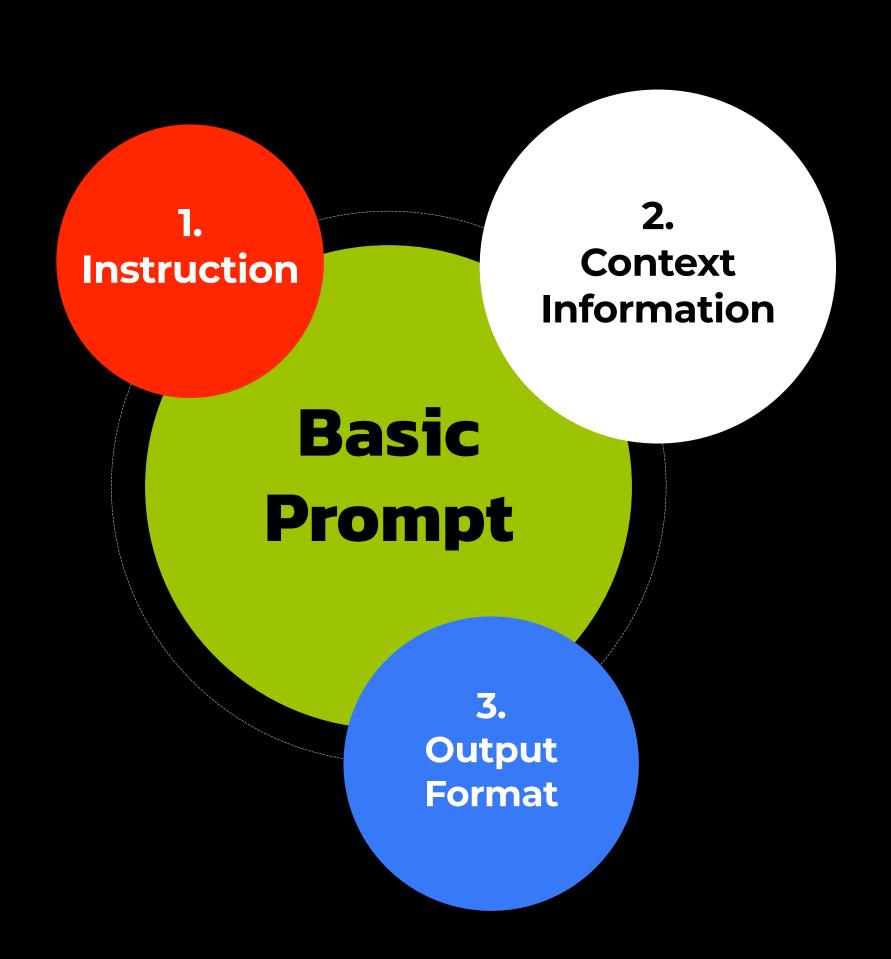
A prompt is simply a question or instruction you give to ChatGPT. It's what you type in to ask the Al to generate a response or complete a task.



### **Basic Prompt Template**



### [Instruction] [Context/Information] [Output Format]



### **→ 1. Instruction**

Write any order, such as writing email, announcement, public relations, abstract, introduction, and summary.

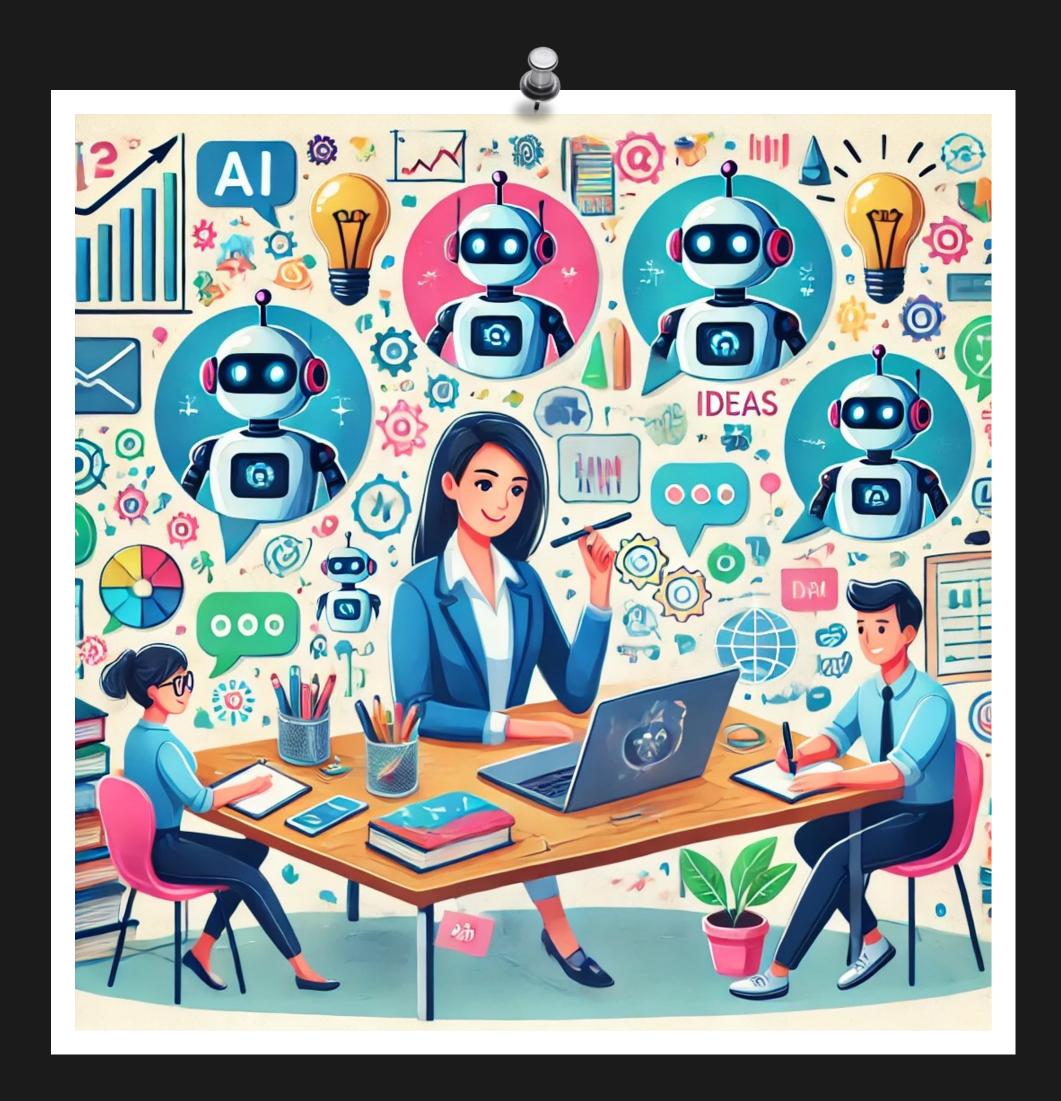
### **→ 2. Context/Information**

Should enter the relevant knowledge and more details about how you want, What is the information that you want to use?

### → 3. Output Format

Can set the output, such as 100 words, one/ twoparagraph length, put in the answer table for children. These will make the results come out differently.



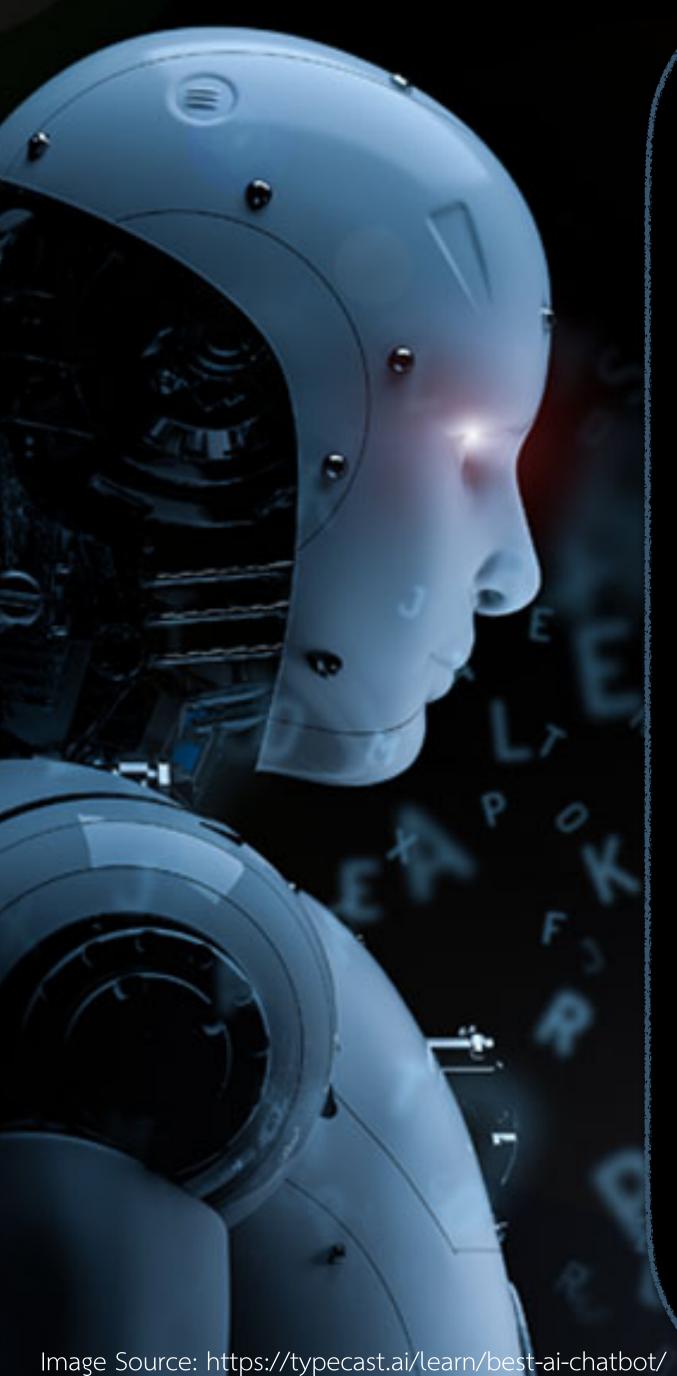


# Al-Assisted Lesson Planning

• Brainstorming topics and ideas for lessons.

**Practice 1:** writing commands for ChatCPT to help plan topics and ideas for lessons.







Practice 1: writing commands for ChatCPT to help plan topics and ideas for lessons.

[Act As] [Instruction] [Strands 1] [Context/Information]

As a science teacher, help plan topics and ideas for lessons about "Living Things and Processes of Life: living things; basic units of living things; the structures and functions of various systems of living things and the processes of life; the biodiversity; genetic transmission; the functioning of various systems of living things, the evolution and diversity of living things and the biotechnology."





# Al-Assisted Lesson Planning

• Creating lesson structures.

**Practice 2:** writing commands for ChatCPT to help create lesson structures.







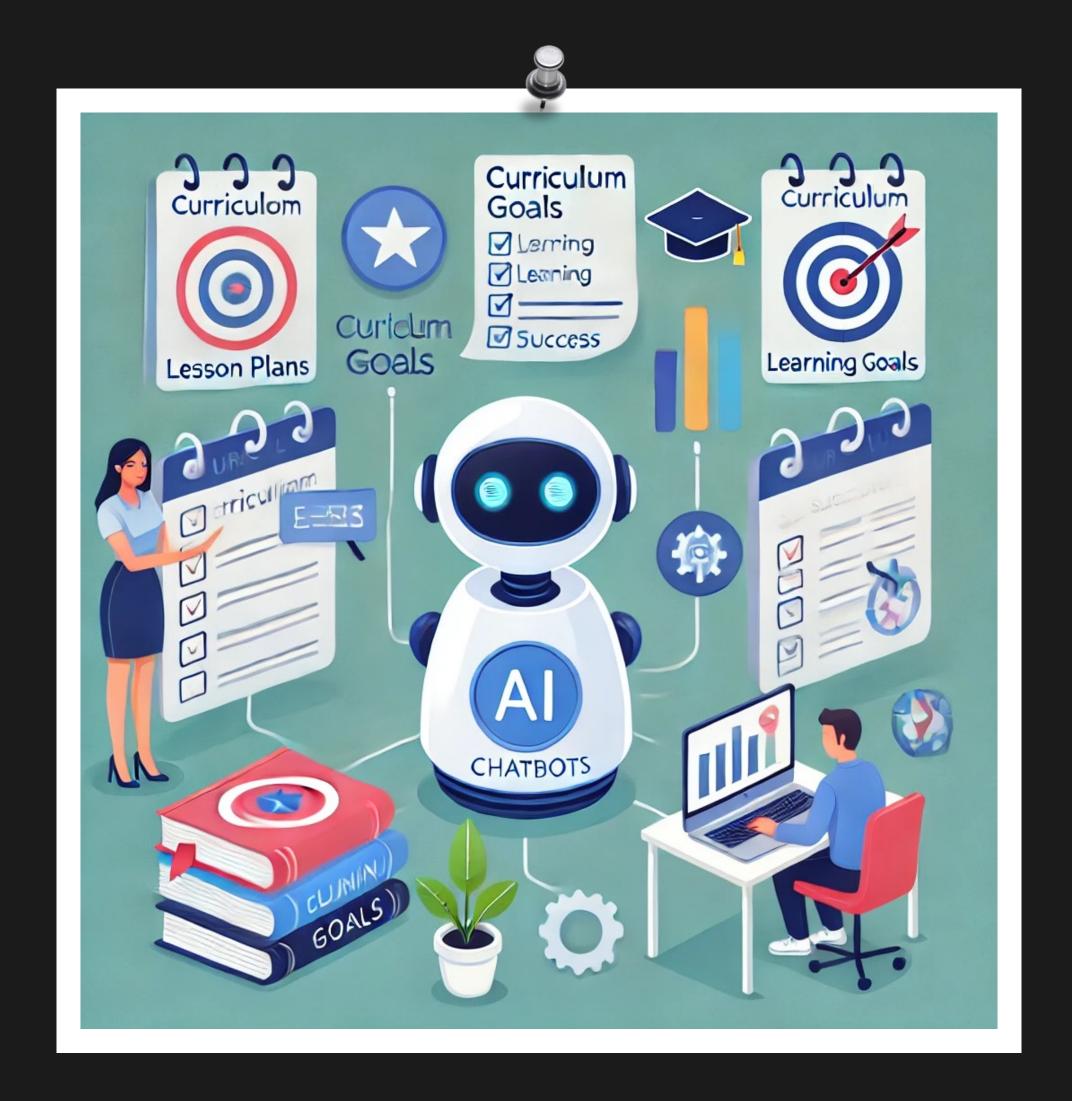
Practice 2: writing commands for ChatCPT to help create lesson structures.

[Act As] [Instruction] [Strands 1] [Context/Information] [Learning Standard 1.1]

As a science teacher, help create lesson structures about "Living Things and Processes of Life" for students in Grade 7 in accordance with the Standard SC1.1: Understanding of the basic units of living things; the relationship between structures and functions of various systems of living things that are interlinked; having an investigative process for seeking knowledge; ability to transfer and put the knowledge into practice and care for living things.

Image Source: https://typecast.ai/learn/best-ai-chatbot/





# Al-Assisted Lesson Planning

 Aligning lessons with curriculum goals and learning outcomes.

**Practice 3:** writing commands for ChatCPT to write learning objectives (KPA).



# K: knowledge

### Cognitive Domain (Revised Bloom's Taxonomy)

- Remembering: Students recall the basic components and processes of photosynthesis (e.g., carbon dioxide, water, sunlight, and chlorophyll).
- 2. **Understanding**: Students **explain** how photosynthesis occurs and identify the key reactants and products of the process (oxygen and glucose).
- 3. **Applying**: Students **demonstrate** an understanding of how photosynthesis provides energy for plants and how this process is essential for other living organisms, including humans.
- 4. Analyzing: Students compare and contrast the role of photosynthesis in different environments (e.g., terrestrial vs. aquatic ecosystems) and explain how changes in the environment affect this process.
- Evaluating: Students evaluate the importance of photosynthesis in maintaining ecological balance and its role in sustaining life on Earth.
- 6. **Creating**: Students **design** an experiment to test the effects of light intensity on the rate of photosynthesis in a plant.

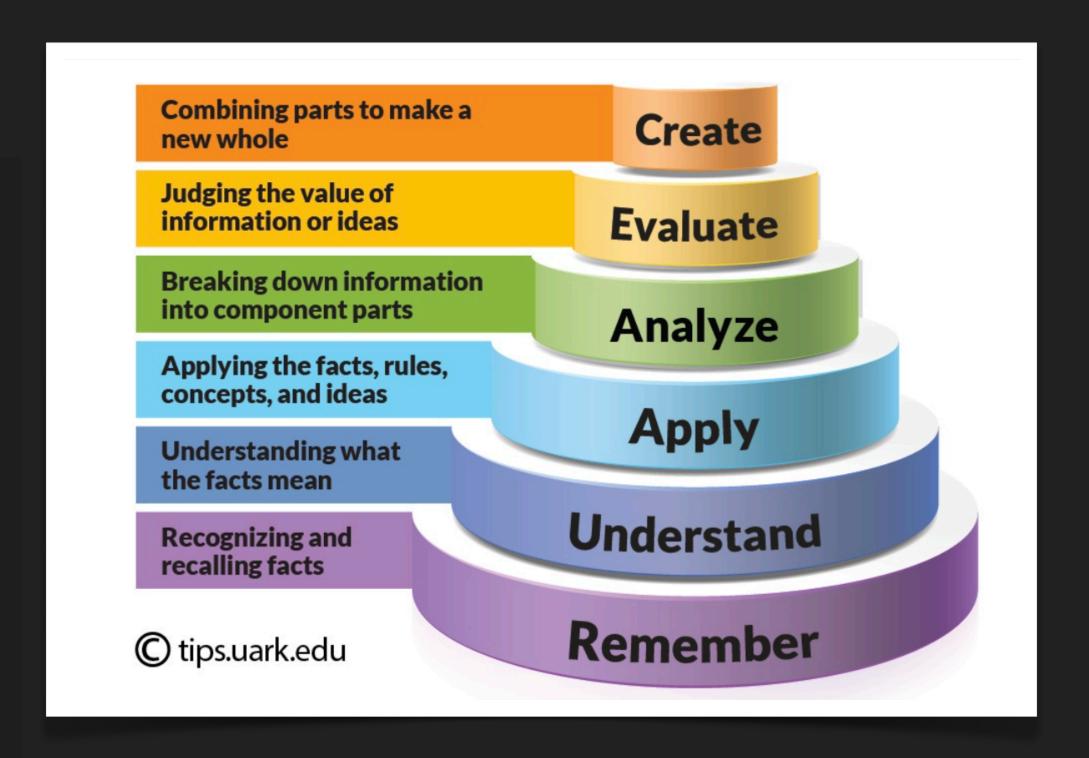
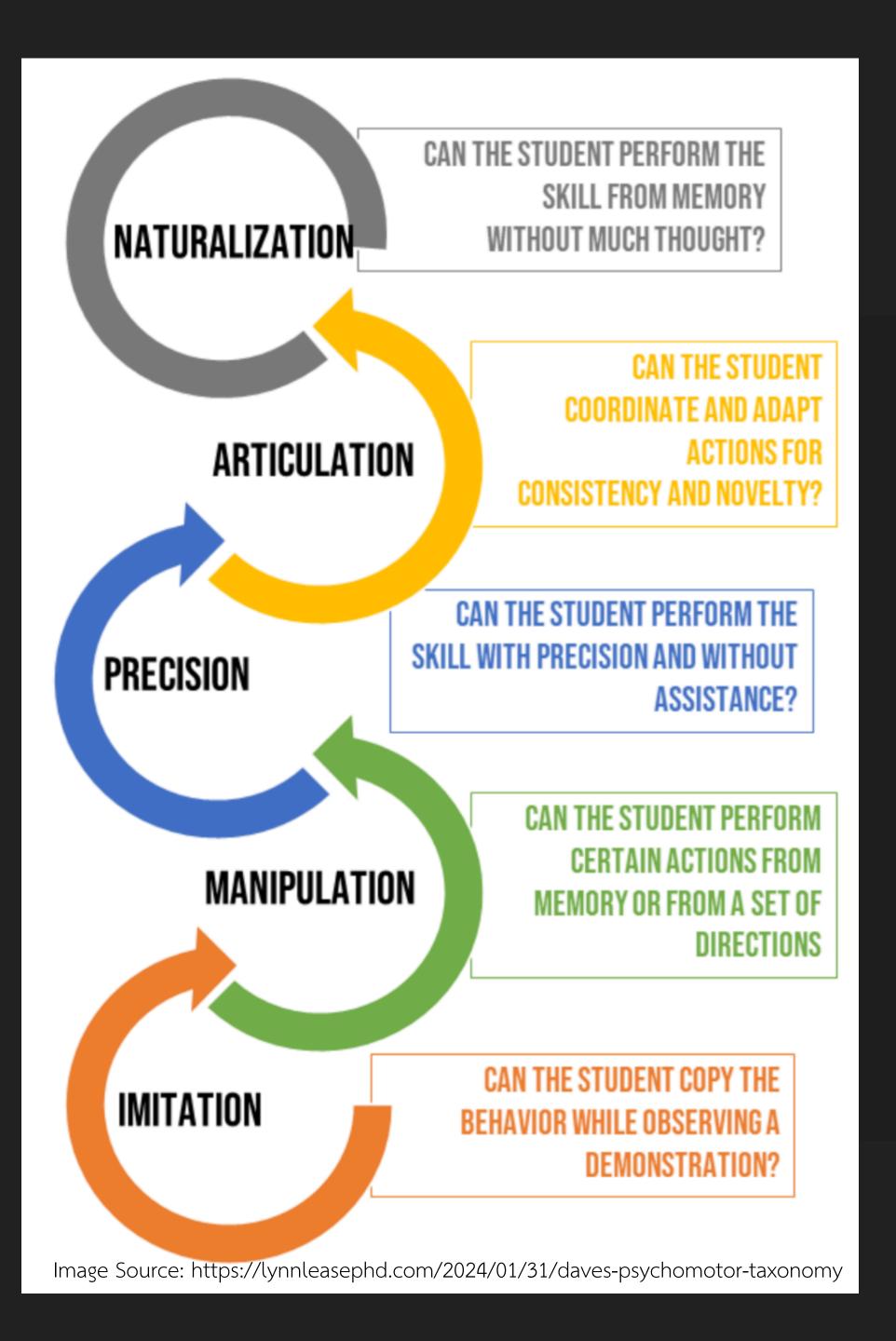


Image Source: https://tips.uark.edu/using-blooms-taxonomy/#gsc.tab=0



# P: Process

### Psychomotor Domain (Dave's)

- Imitation: Students observe and replicate teacher-led demonstrations of photosynthesis experiments (e.g., using a plant and light to show oxygen release).
- Manipulation: Students carry out basic experimental procedures to measure the rate of photosynthesis, adjusting variables such as light intensity or CO2 concentration.
- Precision: Students accurately record data from the experiment and interpret the results, demonstrating careful observation and understanding of photosynthesis rates.
- 4. **Articulation**: Students **coordinate** multiple variables (e.g., light, water, temperature) in an experiment to explore how environmental changes influence the process of photosynthesis.
- Naturalization: Students apply their skills in understanding the importance of photosynthesis by discussing real-world applications (e.g., how plant growth supports agriculture and ecosystem health).

### KRATHWOHL &

### **BLOOM'S AFFECTIVE TAXONOMY**

# DOES THE STUDENT ACT CONSISTENTLY WITH THE NEW VALUE?

Concerned with

### PATTERNS OF ADJUSTMENT

Act, Discriminate, Display, Influence, Internalize, Listen, Modify, Perform, Practice, Propose, Qualify, Question, Revise, Serve, Solve, Use, Verify



ORGANIZATION

### DOES THE STUDENT SHOW INVOLVEMENT & COMMITMENT?

Concerned with

### ATTITUDES & APPRECIATION

Accept, Complete, Defend, Describe, Devote, Differentiate, Explain, Follow, Form, Initiate, Invite, Join, Justify, Propose, Puruse, Read, Report, Seek, Select, Share, Study, Work

### **VALUING**

### IS THE STUDENT AWARE OF OR

### **ENVIRONMENT?**

Concerned with

### SIMPLE AWARENESS & SELECTIVE ATTENTION

**RESPONDING TO THE** 

Accept, Ask, Attend, Choose, Describe, Develop, Follow, Give, Hold, Identify, Locate, Name, Point to, Recognize, Select, Sit Erect, Reply, Use





### WHAT IS THE AFFECTIVE DOMAIN?

Includes behaviors indicating attitudes, awareness, attention, concern, interest, and responsibility. Often assessed by ability to listen and respond in the environment and by attitudes and values appropriate for the field of study.

# HAS THE STUDENT COMBINED AND CONCEPTUALIZED A NEW VALUE GIVING IT PRIORITY?

Concerned with the development of a PHILOSOPHY OF LIFE

Adhere, Alter, Arrange, Codify, Combine, Compare, Defend, Discriminate, Display, Explain, Generalize, Identify, Integrate, Modify, Order, Organize, Prepare, Relate, Systemize, Weigh

# CAN THE STUDENT SHOW A NEW BEHAVIOR DUE TO AN EXPERIENCE?

Concerned with

### INTEREST, SEEKING, & ENJOYMENT

Answer, Assist, Complete, Comply, Conform, Cooperate, Discuss, Examine, Greet, Help, Label, Obey, Perform, Practice, Present, Read, Recite, Report, Respond, Select, Tell, Write

### HTTPS://LYNNLEASEPHD.COM



# A: Attitude

### **Affective Domain (Krathwohl)**

- Receiving: Students demonstrate awareness of the significance of plants and photosynthesis in providing oxygen and maintaining life by participating in discussions and answering questions.
- Responding: Students show interest by actively engaging in a group activity where they
  create a visual representation of the photosynthesis process and share insights about its
  importance to humans and the environment.
- Valuing: Students express appreciation for the role of plants in ecosystems by explaining how their actions (such as reducing pollution or planting trees) can support healthy photosynthetic processes.
- 4. Organizing: Students integrate their knowledge of photosynthesis with their understanding of ecological conservation and discuss how photosynthesis contributes to solving environmental issues, such as deforestation or climate change.
- Characterizing by Value: Students internalize the value of photosynthesis in supporting all living organisms and demonstrate responsible environmental behavior, such as promoting plant growth in their communities.



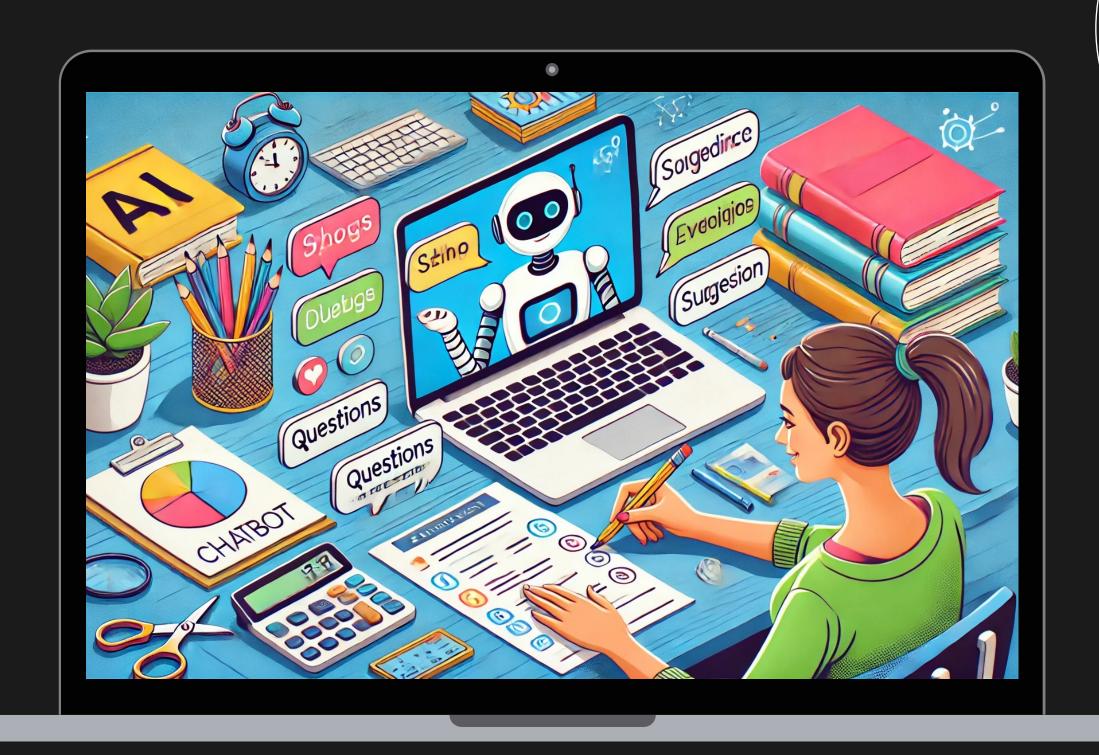


# **Practice 3:** writing commands for ChatCPT to write learning objectives (KPA).

[Act As] [Strands 1] [Instruction] [Grade-level Indicators] [Context/Information] [Indicators 1/7]

As a science teacher, 'Living Things and Life Processes,' please help write comprehensive learning objectives that integrate Revised Bloom's Taxonomy (2001), the Affective Domain (Krathwohl, 1964), and Dave's Psychomotor Domain (1975). These objectives should be consistent with the Grade 7 indicators that students explain the importance of the photosynthesis process of plants to living things and the environment. You don't need to cover all items from each taxonomy or domain, but ensure consistency with the indicators and educational standards so that learners engage cognitively, emotionally, and practically in understanding the subject matter.





# Generate Worksheets with ChatBots

Generate worksheets quickly

**Practice 4:** writing commands for ChatCPT to create a worksheet with answers.







Practice 4: writing commands for ChatCPT to create a worksheet with answers.

### Worksheets

[Act As] [Instruction] [Context/Information]

As a science teacher, please help me create a worksheet with answers about "Living Things and Processes of Life" for Grade 7.

# Worksheets

Worksheet: Living Things and Processes of Life

Name:	 	 	 	_	_	
Date: _						

### Part 1: Multiple Choice

- 1. What is the basic unit of all living organisms?
  - a) Tissue
  - b) Organ
  - c) Cell
  - d) Organism

Answer: c) Cell

- 2. Which process do plants use to make their own food?
  - a) Cellular respiration
  - b) Photosynthesis
  - c) Fermentation
  - d) Mitosis

Answer: b) Photosynthesis

### Part 2: True/False

6. All living organisms are made up of cells.

True / False

**Answer:** True

7. Cellular respiration occurs only in animal cells.

True / False

Answer: False (It occurs in both plant and animal cells)

8. Photosynthesis takes place in the mitochondria.

True / False

Answer: False (It takes place in the chloroplasts)

9. Multicellular organisms are made up of only one cell.

True / False

Answer: False (Multicellular organisms consist of many cells)

10. Plants produce glucose as a result of photosynthesis.

True / False

Answer: True





# Generate quizzes and assessments quickly

• Multiple-choice, true/false, and open-ended questions







Practice 5: writing commands for ChatCPT to create Multiple-Choice quizzes with answers.

### Multiple-Choice

[Act As] [Instruction] [Context/Information]

As a science teacher, please help me create Multiple-Choice quizzes with answers 10 items about "Living Things and Processes of Life" for Grade 7.

# Multiple-Choice

### Quiz: Living Things and Processes of Life

- 1. Which of the following is the basic unit of life in all living organisms?
  - a) Organ
  - b) Tissue
  - c) Cell
  - d) Organism

Answer: c) Cell

- 2. What is the primary function of chloroplasts in plant cells?
  - a) To produce energy through cellular respiration
  - b) To protect the cell from external damage
  - c) To store water and nutrients
  - d) To conduct photosynthesis

Answer: d) To conduct photosynthesis

- 3. Which process involves the conversion of sunlight into chemical energy in plants?
  - a) Respiration
  - b) Fermentation
  - c) Photosynthesis
  - d) Mitosis

Answer: c) Photosynthesis

- 4. Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of living things?
  - a) Growth
  - b) Reproduction
  - c) Movement
  - d) Inability to adapt to the environment

Answer: d) Inability to adapt to the environment

- 5. What do all living organisms need to carry out cellular respiration?
  - a) Oxygen
  - b) Carbon dioxide
  - c) Nitrogen
  - d) Hydrogen

Answer: a) Oxygen

- 6. In which part of the plant does most photosynthesis occur?
  - a) Roots
  - b) Leaves
  - c) Stems
  - d) Flowers

Answer: b) Leaves





**Practice 6:** writing commands for ChatCPT to create True/False quizzes with answers.

### True / False

[Act As] [Instruction] [Context/Information]

As a science teacher, please help me create true/ false quizzes with answers about "Living Things and Processes of Life" for Grade 7.

# True / False

Quiz: Living Things and Processes of Life (True/False)

1. All living things are made up of cells.

True / False

Answer: True

2. Plants produce oxygen as a waste product during photosynthesis.

True / False

Answer: True

Mitosis is the process by which plants make their food.

True / False

Answer: False (Photosynthesis is the process by which plants make their

food)

4. Unicellular organisms are made up of more than one cell.

True / False

Answer: False (Unicellular organisms consist of only one cell)

The nucleus controls all activities of the cell.

True / False

Answer: True

6. All living organisms need sunlight to survive.

True / False

Answer: False (Not all living organisms need sunlight, some rely on other

sources of energy)

 Cellular respiration occurs in the mitochondria of both plant and animal cells.

True / False

Answer: True

8. Photosynthesis requires oxygen to convert light energy into glucose.

True / False

Answer: False (Photosynthesis requires carbon dioxide, not oxygen)





Practice 7: writing commands for ChatCPT to create Open-Ended questions with answers.

### Open-Ended questions

[Act As] [Instruction] [Context/Information]

As a science teacher, please help me create openended questions with answers about "Living Things and Processes of Life" for Grade 7.

# Open-Ended questions

Quiz: Living Things and Processes of Life (Open-Ended Questions)

 Describe the process of photosynthesis and explain why it is important for plants and other living organisms.

### Answer:

Photosynthesis is the process by which plants, algae, and some bacteria convert light energy from the sun into chemical energy in the form of glucose. The process takes place in the chloroplasts of plant cells, where carbon dioxide and water are combined in the presence of sunlight to produce glucose and oxygen. This process is important because it provides energy for the plant to grow and survive. Additionally, photosynthesis produces oxygen, which is essential for the survival of most living organisms, including humans.

Explain the difference between unicellular and multicellular organisms, and give an example of each.

### Answer:

Unicellular organisms are made up of only one cell that performs all the necessary functions for life. An example of a unicellular organism is a bacterium. Multicellular organisms, on the other hand, consist of many cells that are specialized to perform different functions. An example of a multicellular organism is a human.

3. What is cellular respiration, and why is it essential for both plant and animal cells?

### Answer:

Cellular respiration is the process by which cells convert glucose and oxygen into energy in the form of ATP (adenosine triphosphate), carbon dioxide, and water. This energy is used to power various cellular activities. It is essential for both plant and animal cells because it provides the energy required for growth, repair, and maintenance of cellular functions.

4. How does the structure of a plant's leaf help in the process of photosynthesis?

### Answer:

The structure of a plant's leaf is adapted for photosynthesis in several ways. Leaves are broad and flat, which increases the surface area to capture more sunlight. The chloroplasts in the leaf cells contain chlorophyll, the green pigment that absorbs light energy. The leaf has tiny pores called stomata, which allow carbon dioxide to enter and oxygen to exit. The arrangement of cells in the leaf ensures that light can penetrate and that gas exchange occurs efficiently.





**Practice 8:** writing commands for ChatCPT to create questionnaires.

### Questionnaire

[Instruction] [Context/Information]

Step: 1

Please help me create a questionnaire to measure the knowledge of instructors before I give a lecture on Optimizing Teaching and Learning with AI ChatBots: A Practical Guide for Teachers.

Step: 2 Give me a word file.

# Questionnaire

### Pre-Lecture Questionnaire: Measuring Instructor Knowledge on AI ChatBots

**Instructions**: Please answer the following questions to the best of your ability. This will help us understand your current knowledge of Al ChatBots and their use in teaching and learning.

- 1. Have you ever used an Al ChatBot before?
  - a) Yes
  - b) No
  - c) I'm not sure
- 2. How familiar are you with the concept of AI in education?
  - a) Very familiar
  - b) Somewhat familiar
  - c) Not familiar at all
- 3. What do you think AI ChatBots can do in the context of teaching?

(Choose all that apply)

- a) Assist in lesson planning
- b) Create quizzes and assessments
- c) Engage students during lessons
- d) Provide personalized feedback to students
- e) Automate classroom management tasks (e.g., attendance tracking)

4.	Have you ever integrated any AI tools into your teaching practice?
	a) Yes

- b) No
- c) I'm planning to but haven't yet
- 5. What do you believe is the biggest advantage of using AI ChatBots in education?
  - a) Saving time in lesson preparation
  - b) Improving student engagement
  - c) Providing personalized support to students
  - d) Automating repetitive tasks
  - e) I'm not sure
- 6. What challenges or concerns do you have about using AI ChatBots in teaching?
  - a) Lack of technical skills
  - b) Access to reliable technology
  - c) Unsure about the benefits
  - d) Privacy or ethical concerns
  - e) Other (please specify): \_\_\_\_\_
- Rate your confidence in using AI tools for teaching purposes (e.g., lesson planning, student assessments).
  - a) Very confident
  - b) Somewhat confident
  - c) Not confident
- 8. What do you hope to learn from this lecture on Al ChatBots?

(Open-ended)





**Practice 9:** writing commands for ChatCPT to create a survey form in Google Forms

### Step 1:

Use Form Builder Plus for GPT in Explore GPTs

### Step 2:

Attach a word file Questionnaire.

### Step 3: Your Prompt

Please bring the information from this file to create a survey form in Google Forms about the pre-lecture questionnaire: Measuring Instructor Knowledge on Al ChatBot.





Form Builder Plus fo...

SS Explore GPTs

### Today

Lifelong Learning Community F

### Yesterday

**Quiz on Living Things** 

Designing Activities with Al

**Chatbots for Quizzes Generation** 

Al ChatBot in Teaching

Survey Form Creation Request

### Previous 7 Days

**Learning Objectives for Photos** 

ChatGPT Account Setup Guide

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ประโยชน์จากการฝึกอบรม EdPEx

Living Things Lesson Plans

### **GPTs**

Discover and create custom versions of ChatGPT that combine instructions, extra knowledge, and any combination of skills.

Q Search GPTs

Top Picks Writing Productivity Research & Analysis Education Lifestyle Programming

### **Featured**

Curated top picks from this week



### **Code Tutor**

Let's code together! I'm Khanmigo Lite, by Khan Academy. I won't write the code...

By khanacademy.org



### Whimsical Diagrams

Explains and visualizes concepts with flowcharts, mindmaps and sequence diagrams.

By whimsical.com



### Resume

By combining the expertise of top resume writers with advanced AI, we assist in...

By jobright.ai

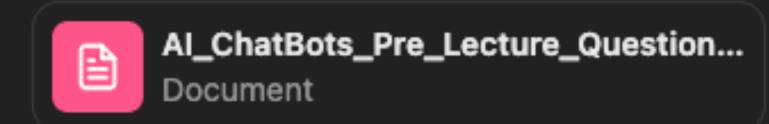


### Universal Primer

The fastest way to learn anything hard.

By Siqi Chen

# Create a survey form in Google Forms



Please bring the information from this file to create a survey form in Google Forms about the Pre-Lecture Questionnaire: Measuring Instructor Knowledge on Al ChatBot.

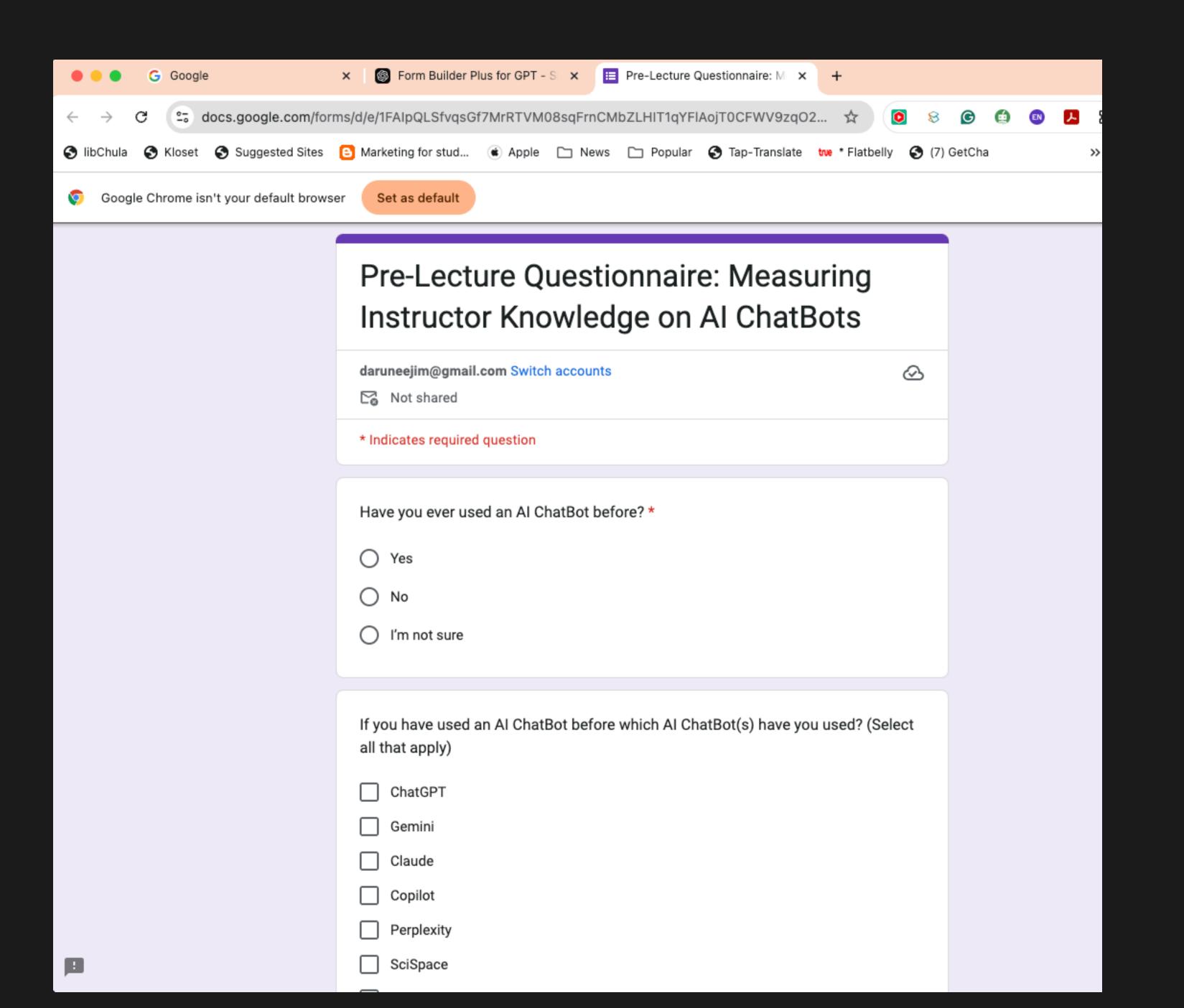


Form Builder Plus for GPT wants to talk to forms.googleapis.com >

Sign in with forms.googleapis.com

⚠ Only allow sites you trust.

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**Practice 10:** writing commands for ChatCPT to create a picture.

[Instruction] [Context/Information]

Give me a picture of the Al chatbot for assessment and feedback in a wide aspect ratio.

## Picture

Give me a picture of the AI chatbot for Assessment and Feedback. Wide aspect ratio





Here are the images depicting the concept of an AI chatbot providing assessment and feedback. Let me know if you'd like any adjustments or additional details!







# Design interactive activities

• Group debates, discussions, or case studies.







Practice 11: writing commands for ChatCPT to help design interactive activities: Group debates.

## Group debates

[Act As] [Instruction] [Context/Information]

As a science teacher for Grade 7, please help me design interactive activities: "Group Debates," about "Living Things and Processes of Life."

## Group debates

### Interactive Activity: Group Debates on Living Things and Processes of Life

#### **Objective:**

Students will engage in group debates to explore key concepts related to living things and their life processes, enhancing critical thinking, communication, and collaborative skills.

#### Preparation:

- Divide the class into teams: Create groups of 4-6 students.
- Assign debate topics: Provide each group with a topic related to "Living Things and Processes of Life." You can allow groups to choose or assign topics randomly. Example topics could be:
  - Are multicellular organisms more efficient than unicellular organisms?
  - Is photosynthesis more important than cellular respiration?
  - Is biodiversity essential for ecosystem stability?
  - Do plants or animals have more complex life processes?
  - Are all living things dependent on sunlight for survival?

#### Structure:

#### 1. Research Phase (20 minutes):

- Allow students to gather information about their topic using class materials (textbooks, notes, etc.).
- Assign roles within each group (e.g., two for the topic, two against the topic, and a moderator if there is an odd number).

#### 2. Debate Rules (10 minutes):

- Explain the rules of the debate:
  - Opening Statements (1 minute per side): Each side presents their main argument.
  - Rebuttal Round (1 minute per side): Each side responds to the points raised by the opposing side.
  - Final Statements (1 minute per side): Each side summarizes their arguments.

#### 3. Debate (30-40 minutes):

- Set up two groups to debate each other. One group will argue in favor of the assigned statement, and the other group will argue against it.
- Rotate groups so all students get a chance to participate in a debate.





Practice 12: writing commands for ChatCPT to help design interactive activities: discussions.

### Discussions

[Act As] [Instruction] [Context/Information]

As a science teacher for Grade 7, please help me design interactive activities for discussions about "Living Things and Processes of Life."

## Discussions

## Interactive Activity: Group Discussions on Living Things and Processes of Life

#### Objective:

To facilitate student engagement through guided discussions that deepen their understanding of living things and life processes. The activity encourages collaborative learning and critical thinking.

#### Preparation:

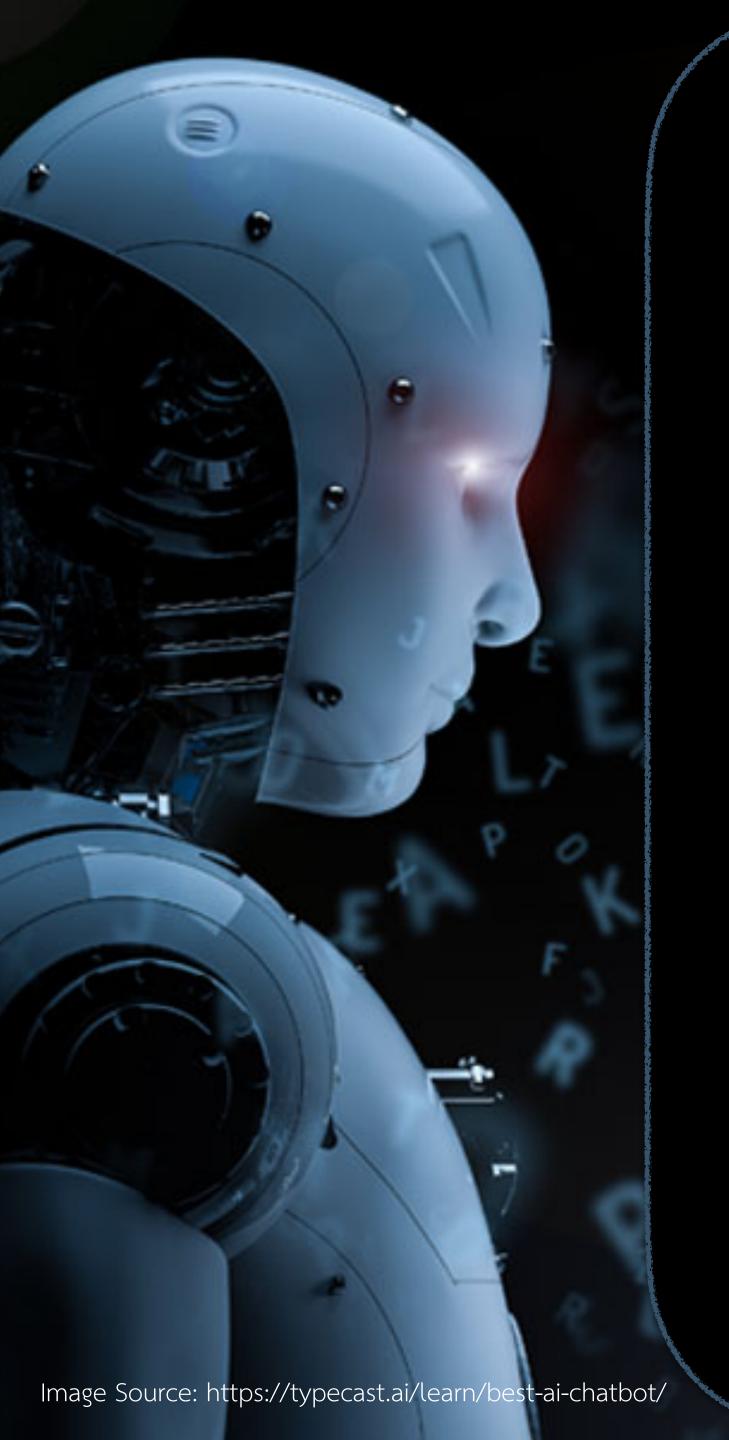
- 1. Divide the class into small groups: 4-5 students per group.
- Assign key discussion topics: Each group will be assigned or can choose a subtopic related to "Living Things and Processes of Life."
  - Suggested subtopics:
    - The basic structure and function of plant and animal cells.
    - Differences between unicellular and multicellular organisms.
    - The process of photosynthesis and its importance to life.
    - The role of cellular respiration in energy production.
    - The importance of biodiversity in ecosystems.

#### Discussion Format:

- 1. Introduction (10 minutes):
  - Begin with a brief overview of the topic: "Living Things and Processes of Life."
  - Pose a thought-provoking question for the entire class to think about:
     "Why are living processes, like photosynthesis and respiration, crucial for the survival of all living organisms?"
  - Let students brainstorm ideas with a partner before moving into their groups.

#### 2. Group Discussions (30 minutes):

- Assign a role within each group:
  - Leader: Moderates the discussion and keeps the group focused on the topic.
  - Timekeeper: Ensures that the discussion stays within the time limit.
  - Note-taker: Writes down key points from the discussion.
  - Presenter: Shares the group's findings with the class.





**Practice 13:** writing commands for ChatCPT to help design interactive activities: case studies.

### Case Studies

[Act As] [Instruction] [Context/Information]

As a science teacher for Grade 7, please help me design interactive activities for case studies about "Living Things and Processes of Life."

## Case Studies

#### Preparation:

- 1. Create or select case studies: Prepare a few short case studies that focus on different aspects of living things and their life processes. Each case should present a scenario with a problem that requires the students to apply what they've learned. Here are some examples:
  - Case Study 1: Plant Growth in Different Light Conditions
     A gardener notices that plants in a shaded area are not growing as well as those in the sunlight. What could be the reason? How does the process of photosynthesis relate to the different growth rates of the plants?
  - Case Study 2: Impact of Pollution on Aquatic Life
     A pond near a factory has shown a decline in fish population. What life processes might be affected by the pollution, and how can these changes affect the ecosystem?
  - Case Study 3: Unicellular vs. Multicellular Organism Adaptations
     A scientist is studying how bacteria (unicellular) and humans
     (multicellular) adapt to changing environments. What are the
     advantages and disadvantages of being unicellular versus multicellular?

- Divide the class into small groups: Groups of 4-5 students will work together to analyze the case study.
- Materials needed: Provide each group with the case study sheet, a
  worksheet for recording their answers, and any additional resources they
  may need (textbooks, class notes, etc.).

#### Case Study Activity Steps:

- 1. Introduction to Case Studies (10 minutes):
  - Briefly explain what a case study is and how it is used to apply scientific knowledge to real-world situations.
  - Present the objectives of the activity, which are to analyze the case, identify the problem, and propose scientifically sound solutions.
  - Divide students into groups and hand out case studies.





## Design an Activity Evaluation Form

• Group debates, observation, participation, and teamwork.





Practice 14: writing commands for ChatCPT to design an activity evaluation form.

[Act As] [Instruction] [Context/Information] [Indicators 1/6]

As a science teacher for grade 7, please help me write a rubric score from experimental group activities and describe the results of plants' photosynthesis in "Strand 1: Living Things and Life Processes." According to this indicator, "Students can do experiments and describe the results of photosynthesis of plants."

## Evaluation form (rubric score)

#### **Rubric for Experimental Group Activities on Photosynthesis**

Criteria	Excellent (4)	Good (3)	Satisfactory (2)	Needs Improvement (1)
Planning and Designing Experiment	Demonstrates thorough planning, selecting appropriate materials and methods for the experiment, and clearly defines variables.	Shows good planning with appropriate material selection but lacks clarity in defining variables.	Demonstrates some planning but materials or methods are not well-suited for the experiment.	Shows little or no planning, inappropriate materials, or methods for the experiment.
Conducting the Experiment	Carries out the experiment accurately, following all steps with attention to detail and safety protocols.	Follows the experiment steps, but minor inaccuracies are present, with proper attention to safety.	Completes the experiment but with significant inaccuracies or lack of attention to safety.	Does not follow the experiment steps or violates safety protocols, making major errors.
Observation and Data Collection	Collects accurate, detailed, and relevant data, observing important changes during the experiment.	Collects sufficient data, but lacks detail or misses some observations during the experiment.	Collects minimal data or misses key observations.	Does not collect relevant data or makes inaccurate observations.

Data Analysis and Interpretation	Analyzes data comprehensively, making insightful connections	Analyzes data adequately, but some connections are	Analyzes data but makes limited connections to photosynthesis,	Fails to analyze data or makes incorrect interpretations of
	between observations and the photosynthesis process.	unclear or superficial.	with some inaccuracies.	the photosynthesis process.
Description of Photosynthesis Results	Provides a clear, accurate, and thorough description of the photosynthesis process based on experimental results, linking to scientific concepts.	Describes the photosynthesis process based on results, but lacks depth or clarity in explanations.	Provides a partial description of the photosynthesis process, with some scientific inaccuracies.	Inaccurate or incomplete description of photosynthesis, with little or no connection to results.

#### **Performance Levels:**

- Excellent (16-20 points): The student demonstrates a thorough understanding of the
  experimental process and photosynthesis, with strong data collection, analysis, and clear
  explanation of results.
- Good (11-15 points): The student shows good understanding, with minor errors in execution or analysis.
- Satisfactory (6-10 points): The student displays some understanding but struggles with key aspects of the experiment or data interpretation.
- Needs Improvement (1-5 points): The student lacks a clear understanding of the experimental process and photosynthesis, with major inaccuracies.





**Practice 15:** writing commands for ChatCPT to write a teamwork assessment rubric.

[Act As] [Instruction] [Indicators 1/6] [Strands 1]

As a science teacher for grade 7, please help me write a teamwork assessment rubric for the experimental group activity and describe the results of plants' photosynthesis in "Strand 1: Living things and life processes.

Image Source: https://typecast.ai/learn/best-ai-chatbot/

## Teamwork assessment rubric

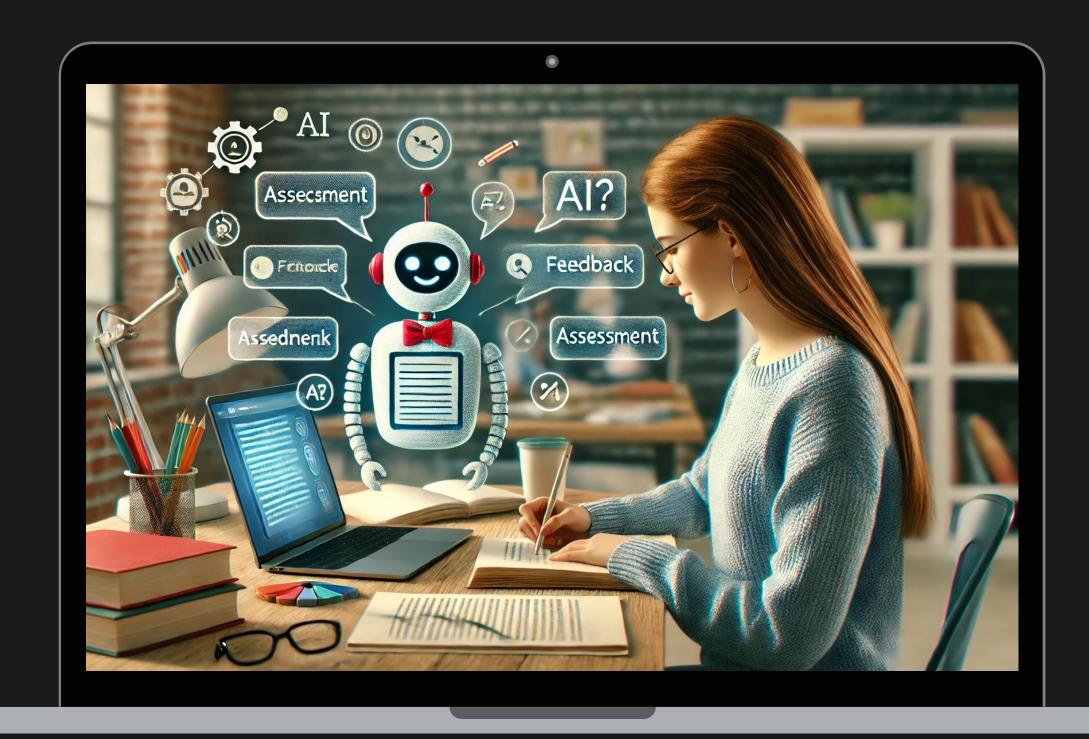
### Teamwork Assessment Rubric for Experimental Group Activity on Photosynthesis

Criteria	Excellent (4)	Good (3)	Satisfactory (2)	Needs Improvement (1)
Collaboration and Communication	All team members communicate effectively, share ideas openly, and contribute equally to discussions and decisions.	Most team members communicate well, though some may dominate or contribute less.	Communication happens, but few members dominate, leading to unequal participation.	Little to no communication, with only one or two members contributing to group decisions.
Task Delegation and Role Assignment	Tasks are evenly divided among all members, and each person clearly understands their role and responsibilities.	Tasks are mostly well- divided, but some members may not fully understand their roles.	Task division is unequal, with some members doing more or less than others.	Tasks are not properly assigned, leading to confusion or an uneven workload across members.
Problem- Solving and Conflict Resolution	The group effectively identifies and solves problems together, resolving conflicts constructively and calmly.	The group resolves most conflicts and problems, though some issues may persist.	The group struggles with problem-solving and conflict resolution, with tensions sometimes affecting progress.	Conflicts are not resolved, and problem-solving is ineffective, with significant group disruptions.

#### **Performance Levels:**

- Excellent (16-20 points): The group demonstrates outstanding teamwork, with effective communication, task delegation, and strong problem-solving skills, leading to a successful experiment.
- Good (11-15 points): The group works well together, with minor areas for improvement, but still achieves the experimental goals.
- Satisfactory (6-10 points): The group shows some teamwork, but struggles with key aspects
  of collaboration or participation, affecting the overall experiment.
- Needs Improvement (1-5 points): The group lacks effective teamwork, resulting in a disorganized experiment and poor results.





## Al ChatBots for Assessment and Feedback

• Using AI ChatBots to help grade quizzes, analyze student performance, and generate personalized feedback.





# Using AI ChatBots to help grade quizzes

### Steps for Using ChatBot to Score Tests:

- 1. Input: Students' answers and the correct answer key.
- 2. **Comparison**: The ChatBot checks each student answer against the correct answer.
- 3. **Feedback**: The ChatBot provides feedback for each question (Correct/Incorrect).
- 4. **Scoring**: The ChatBot calculates the final score as a percentage or a fraction.





Practice 16: writing commands for ChatCPT to help grade quizzes

### Grade Quizzes

Please score the following multiple-choice test. Compare the student's answers with the correct answers provided and calculate the total score.

## Grade Quizzes

#### **Test Input:**

- Student's Answers:
  - 1. a
  - 2. b
  - 3. c
  - 4. d
  - 5. c
- Correct Answers:
  - 1. c
  - 2. b
  - 3. c
  - 4. c
  - 5. c

#### Expected ChatBot Response:

"Here are the results:

- Question 1: Incorrect (Correct answer: c)
- Question 2: Correct
- Question 3: Correct
- Question 4: Incorrect (Correct answer: c)
- Question 5: Correct

Total Score: 3/5 (60%)"





Practice 17: writing commands for ChatCPT to help follow-ups and provide study resources

[Context/Information] [Instruction]

When Grade 7 students have a test score of less than 50% in the multiple-choice test on "Living Things and Processes of Life,". please help me write additional practice recommendations or resources for students to review based on their performance on this topic.

## Providing Study Resources

#### **Recommendations for Additional Practice**

#### 1. Review Core Concepts:

- Cells and their Structure: Students should revisit the basic structure of plant and animal cells, focusing on the function of organelles like the cell membrane, nucleus, mitochondria, and chloroplasts.
  - Resource: Use diagrams and videos from educational platforms like Khan Academy or YouTube that explain the differences between plant and animal cells.
  - Practice: Labeling activities with diagrams to identify key organelles and their functions.
- Photosynthesis and Cellular Respiration: Clarify how these two
  processes are related and their importance in the survival of living
  organisms. Break down the steps of each process in simple terms.
  - Resource: Interactive tutorials or animations showing the processes of photosynthesis and respiration in action.
  - Practice: Ask students to create a flowchart to visually explain how photosynthesis produces glucose and oxygen, and how cellular respiration uses glucose to produce energy.

#### 2. Provide Practice Worksheets:

- Give students additional practice worksheets with a variety of question types: multiple-choice, true/false, and short answer questions. These questions should be similar to the ones in their test, but with clearer explanations and examples.
  - Resource: Printable science worksheets from websites like
     Education.com or Teachers Pay Teachers for extra practice.

#### 3. Interactive Activities:

- Use interactive games or quizzes that focus on reinforcing the key concepts. Educational platforms like Quizlet, Kahoot!, or BrainPOP offer interactive science quizzes that can help students learn while having fun.
  - Practice: Assign online quizzes or create your own on these platforms and encourage students to participate at home.

**\* \* \* (** 

## Key insights from the lecture



01



02

Lesson Preparation:

Using AI ChatBots for brainstorming and planning.

O2 Classroom Teaching:

Enhancing engagement and managing tasks.

13 Assessment & Feedback:

Automated grading and personalized feedback.

# \* \* \* How to Begin Integrating Al ChatBots into Your Teaching?



#### 1. Start small with AI ChatBots:

- Use for answering repetitive questions or grading quizzes.
- Gradually expand to more interactive uses (quizzes, feedback).
- 2. Al ChatBots as support tools to enhance teaching efficiency.



# THANK YOU!







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